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PRIVATE RESIDENTS AT THE  
OUTPOSTS  
A Comprehensive and Complete  
Record of the  
NEWS OF THE FAR EAST  
given in the  
HONGKONG WEEKLY  
PRESS,  
with which is incorporated the  
CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT,  
Subscription, paid in advance, \$12  
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# Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857

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[a34]

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[1566-1]

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Hongkong, 24th July, 1905. [951]

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Hongkong, 24th July, 1905. [951]

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## The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MAY 10TH, 1906.

WITHIN the last ten years nothing was more common in obituaries of distinguished Naval Officers than to find a notice something like the following:—"Distinguished himself in an attack on a fleet of pirate junks in Blue Moon Bay off the coast of Fukien, in reward for which service he was promoted to the command of H.M.S. *Periwinkle*." Although in the interests of our own commerce when the trade along the China coast was mostly carried on in sailing schooners with small crews, and the pirates who swarmed along the shores and about the numerous inlets were never loth to capture a foreign vessel when they could take her at a disadvantage, much of the early work of the British fleet in China waters was concerned with the policing of the coast; with the general advent of steamers, it was found possible to throw on the Chinese Government this duty. The duty was accepted, though never with a good grace, and although the coast pirate is now seldom a menace to foreign trade, in many of his old haunts he still flourishes and under conditions too which point to more or less connivance on the part of the local officials. Such, of course, has been the rule in China ever since the days of the exemplar, if somewhat hazy, "Yao and Shun", and such doubtless will be the case till the advent of the Chinese representative of the supposititious St. Tibb, whenever he may be. The old proverb in the West states that a kingdom divided against itself cannot stand, and here, as in everything else, Chinese practice has from the very beginning of history mocked the feeble lore of Europe. In fact for twenty centuries at least China has discovered a way of uniting under theegis of imperial government the

opposite principles of order and disorder; and by a process of mechanical welding, the secret of which has become hereditary in the official hierarchy, the state still survives. It is true that the life is not a very vigorous one, and only gives evidence of its existence at the extremities of the branches, but to the passer-by who does not care to dismount and view the hollow-ness of the trunk, the tree looks fairly vigorous; and unless attacked by some unexpected danger from without, and with the assistance of a new prop from time to time charitably fixed under the more dangerous branches, may continue to outwardly exhibit a presentable greenness.

We spoke lately of the manner in which the Kiangsu administration, or certain of its officers, contrived to reconcile in the administration of the Salt Gabelle the seemingly incompatible demands of virtuous disinterestedness and personal profit; and how Peking, in its virtuous indignation at being charged of the direct proceeds of the same Salt Gabelle, contrived, still adhering to the dictates of the ancient sages, to draw its own share of the proceeds. But ancient and profitable for those immediately concerned as may be this principle of sponge and squeeze, for the empire at large it is the name of extravagance. Doubtless the Court at Peking has not to go to the expense of a Chancellor of the Exchequer, nor has it to keep up an Auditor General with a score of assistants; nor have the provincials interested to give account of the income and expenditure of their districts. In lieu of keeping a staff of regularly appointed and paid subordinates they have, however, to employ an irregular staff of secretaries, writers, thief catchers, jailers, and all the numerous army of hangers-on who fester about every yamen in the Empire, and for the payment of whom there is made no provision, but who are none the less expected to live on their post. Notoriously the Empire rings with the corruption of these hangers-on, who, deprived of any title of office, yet possess the avenues to every yamen. It needs little experience of humbug nature to forecast the result. Now it is from these parasites of Chinese society that the ranks of the pirates and salt smugglers are recruited, and the methods of the yamens are closely followed in their organisations. They, too, have their gradations of ranks, their chiefs and their secretaries; their subordinate officials, their police and their guards. They also have an admirably organised detective body whose special business it is to intermingle with the more quietly disposed in the tea-shops.

They have their regular meeting places in the shops and gambling dens, and the unfortunate who has once incurred their enmity is sure sooner or later to be enticed into one of these, where he will find himself drawn into some quarrel, which on the face of it looks simple enough and affords little or no clue as to its reason, but the end is nearly always the same; and if the victim escape with his life it is at the expense of leading afterwards a life of terror. For the same reason no one who has ever become compromised can ever again return to honest ways, but finds himself at every turn beset by these instigators of new crime. These things are all perfectly well known to the officials, as are also the leaders personally, but such is the amount of terror inspired that they are permitted to move about openly, no official being bold enough to prefer a charge; and in case of his being arrested on any other charge, a way of escape is always found: either he is actually acquitted of the crime, however heinous, or he finds means through the connivance of his associates, always to be found amongst the underlings of the courts, to effect his escape. To such an extent has this organisation been carried, that even in the outlying portions of the Foreign Settlements at Shanghai, not regularly patrolled by large armed bodies of foreign police, the roads have become practically impassable at night; and those lately who have inadvertently essayed to pass have found the ways guarded by armed men, who have not hesitated to stop them till they have produced sufficient proof that they were not connected with any preventive service. Mysterious shots, too, are not unfrequently heard by residents, who, however, such is the general state of terrorism, think it wiser not to excite danger by enquiring too curiously into the circumstances. Recently cases of mysterious murders, generally of natives, though now and then of a belated foreigner, are reported to the police; but the result is ever the same, and except in the most exceptional case no clue as to the victim or his assailants is ever discoverable. In the case of a native the

Chibien, as in duty bound by the rules of his office, appears the next day to hold an inquest, but some reason for discontinuing the enquiry is nearly always found. Now these facts are notorious, though for many reasons we hear comparatively little of them. The Customs River Police, whose more especial duty it is to prevent smuggling on the Hwangpu, are utterly helpless. By rare chance they may succeed in capturing a boat with the forbidden article, in which case the loss is made good by native insurance offices, who make no secret of their business; in nearly every case the crews, warned beforehand by their regular spies, succeed in escaping scatheless, while the police by distinct orders from the Chinese official in head control of the Customs at the port are strictly forbidden to use firearms. Now, although it is only right to state that smuggling has in all ages, owing partly to the want of any efficient protective organisation, been rampant in China, it is also the case that within the last year, and markedly since the present officials have been appointed, that it has so far enlarged its operations as to have become an actual danger. The remarkable thing about it all is that while these things are not denied by the Chinese authorities themselves, it is to the very men under whose jurisdiction this very dangerous condition of affairs has grown up that we owe most of the recent complaints against the introduction of foreign capital, and the hardships to which China has to submit in not being permitted to exercise her own methods of jurisdiction over foreign residents.

Of the thirteen plague cases recorded yesterday, eight were fatal.

H.M.S. *Monmouth*, bound for China, took the whole crew of the cruiser *Donegal* when that vessel returned for repairs.

The sixth congress of the Chamber of Commerce of the British Empire will be held on July 1st-13th. Resolutions for the final edition of the programme must be sent in by cable to the chambers not later than June 15.

The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha has obtained the privilege of supplying the Chinese Government with arms. The firm will carry on the business with a capital of 250,000 taels, and have already established a head office at Shanghai.

The American Vice-Consul, Mr. W. Gray, who has been in charge of the Consulate at Hongkong for some time, leaves for America by the *S. S. Siberia*. The new Consul-General, Mr. Wilder, takes over office in the course of a few days.

Mr. E. C. Wilks, of Messrs. Wilks and Jack, leaves for the scene of the wreck of the steamer *M. Strive* to-day. This firm of engineers recently purchased the wreck, and Mr. Wilks is visiting it to see what prospect there is of getting the vessel off the rocks.

Mr. Frank Cochrane, formerly with the Dallas, so well known to Hongkong theatre-goers, is playing in "Brigadier Gerard" at the Imperial Theatre. Although he has a minor part, it is something to be playing with Lewis Waller and Evelyn Millard.

Bridge Whist for all its popularity, is, in the form which we know it, the youngest of all card games. The rules of the game, according to R. F. Foster, in his preface to his book "Foster's Complete Bridge", were first printed and published in London in 1880, under the title of "Birch or Russian Whist".

In the collision between the steamers *Shan Lee* and *Hoi Cheng* in the West river, both vessels received considerable damage. The extent of the *Shan Lee's* is estimated at \$1,500, her stem and upper structure being badly damaged, while the damage to the *Hoi Cheng* is put down at \$6,000. Both vessels have been docked for repairs.

Mr. Thurston, whose magical performances have been exciting the wonder and admiration of crowded houses at the theatre since Saturday, announces his last three nights. We are asked to draw attention to the announcement that commencing with to-night there will be a change of programme and Miss Maud Amber will sing some new songs.

Miss Hastings, a young equestrienne, had rather an exciting experience on Tuesday afternoon at Causeway Bay, when the pony she was riding took fright and bolted. The child was unable to manage the animal, so let go the reins and clung tightly to the saddle, at the same time calling to passers-by to stop her. Fortunately, she kept her seat until the pony drew up at the gate of Mr. Jardine's residence, and her presence of mind saved her from injury.

The Eastern freight war is averted. It is announced that the threatened trouble in the Eastern trade, owing to the Clan Line berthing steamers for Karachi and the Ellerman-Hall and City Lines seeking cargo for Colombo and Madras, has been averted. The new arrangement includes the withdrawal of the Hall and City Lines from the threatened encroachment on one another's trade after the first steamer of each company has sailed. Consequently all reduced quotations have been withdrawn, and the former freight rates are again in force.

A number of missionary societies in England joined in presenting Duke Tsi-tee and his Mission with bibles and an address. The Chinese priests at Hongkong seem to have missed an opportunity: they should have tried to convert Prince Arthur of Connaught when he came as a guest.

Last year (1905) was a record year for shipping at Yokohama. The vessels engaged in foreign trade only, entered and cleared, nearly totaled the three million tons mark. The previous highest was in 1903, when the tonnage was two and a half millions. In addition there were about 1,750,000 tons of domestic trade entered and cleared.

A duel with swords has taken place between M. Lammont, director of the *Avenir de Tientsin*, and M. Laumont, of the *Courrier d'Haiphong*. In the first encounter the former was slightly wounded on the right arm, after which the adversaries became "reconciled on the ground". They had quarrelled over a newspaper controversy.

According to a Peking telegram, the Chinese Foreign Office has replied through the Japanese Minister to the Japanese Note regarding the opening of Mukden and other places in Manchuria. The reply stated that although the Chinese Government was inclined to open those places without delay, yet it would be impossible to do so on the dates fixed by the Japanese Government, according to the reports of the Peking Minister and the Mukden General.

Dinner was a little late. A guest asked the hostess to play something. Seating herself at the piano, the good woman executed a Chopin nocturne with precision. She finished, and there was still an interval of waiting to be bridged. In the grim silence she turned to an old gentleman on her right and said, "Would you like a sonata before dinner?" He gave a start of surprise and pleasure. "Why, yes, thanks!" he said. "I had a couple on my way here, but I think I could stand another."

Randolph Milburn, a music teacher of Washington, Ohio, was recently arrested for appearing in the streets dressed in woman's clothes. He declared that as a certain Dr. Mary Walker is allowed to wear man's apparel he was entitled to wear skirts. After consulting legal authority, it was ascertained that the laws of Ohio permit a man to wear what he likes, providing "he makes no attempt at deception regarding his sex." To obviate further trouble, Milburn, while promenade in woman's raiment, now bears a large silver badge, inscribed "Randolph Milburn. I am a man." This description apparently satisfies the local authorities.

The example set by the Japanese after their war with China in teaching their troops the principles of sanitation is now being followed at Aldershot, where a school of sanitation has just been attached to the Royal Army Medical Corps, for the purpose of training men in every arm of the service to supervise the sanitary arrangements in camp and to attend to the purification of the water supply. Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Firth, who was professor of hygiene at the Royal Army Medical College in London, has been appointed instructor at the school. Since the Japanese instructed their troops in sanitation sickness in their ranks in camp has been reduced to a minimum.

Amateur actors (it is useless to appeal to professionals) should remember that the chief fascination of the theatre is the illusion. In order to enjoy the play the audience should lose sight of the personality of the actor and thoroughly identify him with the part which he is playing. Sometimes the curtain goes down upon a thrilling scene in which the actor is marched off to his doom. Then there is a call for his appearance and he comes before the curtain, bows, smiles and makes a speech, then goes back to take his part in the play; and the curtain goes up showing him in prison or about to be executed. The illusion is clean gone and the romance of the play is destroyed. The same bad effect follows the local habit of publicly presenting bouquets over the footlights.

It is curious to observe that one of the very charges most frequently made against English business men is brought in the New York *Evening Post* by "an old resident of Japan, an American," against his fellow-countrymen. He asks why it is that the American banks, the leading American commercial houses in China and Japan—with an occasional exception, such as the Standard Oil Company—are managed by non-Americans. The answer he propounds is that it is "because the Americans are too busy 'hustling' in their own narrow-minded, hide-bound fashion, to study the languages of the countries and to adapt themselves to the conditions of the Far East." Englishmen and Germans, he declares, are "skimming the cream from this most productive pan," because they are willing, as Americans are not, to take some trouble to meet the needs of the market.

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. Aitkin and Officers, the Band of the 10th Infantry will play the following programme of music at the King Edward Hotel, during dinner on Thursday, the 10th May, 1906 (weather permitting):—  
March—"El Capitan," Sousa.  
Overture—"Le Dieu et la Bayadere," Auber.  
Waltz—"Il Bacio," Arditi.  
Selection—"Veronique," Messager.  
Song—"The Song you sang to me," Molloy.  
Two Steps—"Dixieland," Haines.  
Dances—"Horn Dances"—Red Fish on "East, South, West and Clear, Fish—Bollied and Cheese Sauce. Entree—Roast Woodcock on Toast, Mutton Cutlets and Potato Chips, Sauce, an Aspic Curry—Fish, Joint—Roast Australian Ribs of Beef and French Radish Sauce, Roast Capon and Ham, Cold Meats—Pheasant, Leg of Mutton, Salad—Mixed. Vegetables—Bollied Potatoes, Fried Potatoes, Beans, Carrots, and Bollied Rice. Entremets—Victoria Pudding, Strawberry Ice Cream and Finger Cake, Almond Tartlets, Fruit, Cheese, Tea, Coffee, Preserved Ginger.

## TELEGRAMS.

["DAILY PRESS" EXCLUSIVE SERVICE.]

## KAISER TO VISIT VIENNA.

LONDON, May 9th.

The German Emperor is expected to visit the Austrian capital on the 6th of June.

## ASSASSINATION IN RUSSIA.

LONDON, May 9th.

General Ignatieff has been assassinated.

[General Ignatieff was a god-son of the Emperor Alexander II. He was 74 years old. When he was military attaché to the Embassy at London, he got much credit for a report on England's military position in India, which so pleased the Emperor that he summoned Captain Ignatieff to Warsaw for a personal interview. He was made a Major-General in the Imperial suite, and afterwards sent as plenipotentiary to Peking, 1890, where he concluded a treaty by which the province of Ussuri was ceded by China to Russia. On his return to Russia he was made Director of the Asiatic Department in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. In 1894 he was appointed Minister at Constantinople, where he did good work for Russia. He was always a bitter enemy of the Nihilists.—Ed.]

## SHANGHAI RACES.

THIRD DAY'S RESULTS.

SHANGHAI, May 9th.

The races for the third day opened in beautiful weather, and some splendid racing took place.

The Champion Sweepstakes was won in record time, only a head and neck separating the placed ponies. THE GREAT NORTHERN PLATE, seven furlongs.

Cotswood (Mr. Johnstone) ... 1  
Nimbus (Mr. Jones) ... 2  
Nares (Mr. Vida) ... 3  
Time—1 min. 49½ secs.

THE RACE CLUB CHALLENGE CUP, 1½ miles.

Coxcomb (Mr. Burkill) ... 1  
Ornament (Mr. Meyerink) ... 2  
Entente Cordiale (Mr. Campbell) ... 3  
Time—2 min. 39½ secs.

THE SHANTUNG STAKES, one mile.

Haakon Seventh (Mr. Burkill) ... 1  
Fourmerkland (Mr. Johnstone) ... 2  
Gurnet (Mr. Midwood) ... 3  
Time—2 min. 08 secs.

THE PARI-MUTUEL STAKES, 1½ miles.

Jetsam (Mr. Burkill) ... 1  
Ardpatrick (Mr. Johnstone) ... 2  
Atlantic (Mr. Cumming) ... 3  
Time—3 min. 13½ secs.

THE RACING STAKES, one mile.

Cosmopolitan (Mr. Abel) ... 1  
Frankfield (Mr. Johnstone) ... 2  
Soyeda (Mr. Willeumier) ... 3  
Time—2 min. 04½ secs.

THE YANG-TZE CUP, 1½ miles.

Sphere (Mr. Cumming) ... 1  
Czardas (Mr. Cox) ... 2  
Kinell (Mr. Willeumier) ... 3  
Time—3 min. 52½ secs.

THE MANCHU STAKES, 1½ miles.

Heathfield (Mr. Burkill) ... 1  
Misanthropist (Mr. Crighton) ... 2  
Antiochus (Mr. Johnstone) ... 3  
Time—2 min. 37 secs.

THE CONSOLATION CUP, 1½ miles.

White Blaze (Mr. Crighton) ... 1  
Janos (Mr. Meyerink) ... 2  
Ardpatrick (Mr. Johnstone) ... 3  
Time—2 min. 29½ secs.

THE CHAMPION SWEEPSTAKES, 1½ miles.

Cedric (Mr. Cumming) ... 1  
Brocton (Mr. Hayes) ... 2  
Argante (Mr. Meyerink) ... 3  
Time—2 min. 35½ secs.

THE NIP DESPERANDUM CUP, seven furlongs.

Disdone (Mr. Zahn) ... 1  
Mutabi (Mr. Abel) ... 2  
Gleam (Mr. Schnorr) ... 3  
Time—1 min. 50½ secs.

[REUTERS' SERVICE.]

## THE TURCO-EGYPTIAN BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

LONDON, May 7th.

Four British battleships, four destroyers, and four cruisers have arrived at the Pirus.

## FRANCE AND GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 7th.

Sir Charles Hardinge, who accompanied the King on his tour, took advantage of the King's stay in Paris to have a number of conferences with M. Boirgeois on pending international questions, and the French papers state that the coincidence of their views further tightens the Anglo-French bonds of friendship.

## THE U.S. "RHODE ISLAND" RE-FLOATED.

LONDON, May 7th.

The U. S. battleship *Rhode Island* has been re-floated.

## ASSASSINATION IN RUSSIA.

LONDON, May 7th.

General Jeltrenowsky, the Governor of Eastern Moscow, has been assassinated.

## THE NATIVE TROUBLE IN NATAL.

LONDON, May 7th.

Colonel Mansel, while making reconnaissance in force, in the direction of Cetayway's grave, was attacked by 200 Zulus, who desperately charged the vanguard, descending a precipitous hill in single file; they reached within a few yards of the Colonial force, but were repulsed with a loss of 60 killed and many wounded; the loss of the British was 3 wounded.

## CANTON

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

May 8th.

## BAD POLICEMAN BEHEADED.

Lan Tai, a police constable from No. 4 police station, was tried a few days ago at the Nani-Hoi Magistracy on a charge of rape and having been found guilty was sentenced to death by Viceroy Shun. Lan Tai was taken yesterday to the execution ground and beheaded.

## PENANG SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The Cantonese merchants of Penang have remitted \$35,950 to the Kwong Kee firm of Canton on account of railway shares purchased on their behalf. This amount represents twenty per cent. of the value of shares subscribed for.

## THE NEW (CHINESE) WOMAN.

A handsome looking Chinese nurse named Ah Sae was insulted by a vagabond while walking along the new bund a short distance from the I. M. Customs. She was not to be intimidated, however, being the daughter of a pugilist, and she knocked the insulter over into the river. The vagabond was rescued in time from a watery grave and handed over to the police, amidst the jeers of the crowd that had inevitably gathered.

## LOCAL ADMINISTRATION TO BE INVESTIGATED.

H.E. APPOINTS A COMMISSION.

We understand that the unofficial members of the Legislative Council and the Sanitary Board have been appointed to sit as a commission to inquire into the subject of complaints under the Building Ordinance and into other matters affecting the working of the staffs of the Public Works Department and the Sanitary Authority. It will be remembered that at the last meeting of the Sanitary Board Mr. Hewett indicated that the Governor had appointed a committee of five to investigate certain complaints, but we understand that this committee has been since enlarged so as to make the scope of its inquiries more comprehensive. The commission will be vested with full power.

## RESUMPTION OF INSANITARY PROPERTY.

In accordance with the Government scheme for the purpose of improving the sanitary condition of the City of Victoria, the Public Works Department have just carried out the resumption of a considerable amount of property in the neighbourhood of Mee Lung Lane, by which about 700 or 800 people have been dispossessed. The accommodation which the dwelling houses legally afforded would be much less than that, but it is safe to infer that as usual the property was overcrowded. This locality was "reported on" some time ago, and from some of the worst levels the people had removed prior to the final steps being taken. The houses in the lane have been barred up. It is reported that there were a number of vacant houses in the vicinity. We propose to discuss this subject at greater length in our next issue.

## HONGKONG GYMKHANA CLUB.

For the one mile and a quarter race on Saturday, the following handicaps are published by Messrs. John A. Japp and H. P. White. Handicappers:—

POINERS.	WEIGHTS.
st.	lbs.
Zapator	11 3
The Quail	11 2
The Emerald	10 10
Preston	10 10
Pathan	10 8
Maori King	10 8
Highlandman	10 4
Rosecromen	10 4
Red Herring	10 3
Sundial	10 3
Donnybrook	10 2
Forward	9 10
Blue Nile	9 10

## POLICE COURT.

Wednesday, May 9th.

BEFORE MR. F. A. HAZELAND (FIRST POLICE MAGISTRATE).

## A COOK'S QUARREL.

A senior cook was charged with assaulting a junior member of the profession at a house in Third Street, West Point, on Tuesday.

From the evidence it appeared that the young man had been telling the old one that he was not skilful in the art of self-defence. Later, a quarrel arose, and the old cook attacked the young one with a hatchet, inflicting severe wounds on the head and face. The young man retaliated with a log of wood, with which weapon he did considerable damage. The fight was stopped by the police, who removed the cooks to hospital.

The case against the older cook was called before his Worship and adjourned until the 11th instant.

## A BEHARRING GRANTED.

On the 7th instant a lagoon charged a Chinese woman with hawking goods without a licence at West Point. She denied the charge, and her grandson, who accompanied her to Court in the long robe which betokens gentility, also denied it, saying that he supported his grandmother. His Worship dismissed the case, and recommended the police to consider what action they would take against the constable.

Yesterday Sergeant Gordon arrested the grandson, who was hawking goods in Second Street without a licence.

At first he denied the charge, saying he was only making purchases, but later he admitted that he was employed by a hawker. The police then questioned the hawker, who stated that he was employed by the woman and her grandson.

His Worship fined the defendant \$3 and, on the application of the police, granted a rehearing in the woman's case.

## IGNORANT OF THE LAW.

M. Schubert, a passenger by the s.s. *Suzanne*, was charged at the instance of Inspector Gourley with being in possession of a revolver and ammunition without a permit from the Captain Superintendent of Police.

Sergeant Cooper, who was on duty in Ship Street on Tuesday night, said a girl told him a European was in her house with a revolver. He accompanied her to the house, where he saw the defendant, who denied having the weapon.

The Sergeant searched him, found a loaded five chamber revolver in one of his pockets, and arrested him. He was taken to No. 2 Police Station and allowed out for the night on bail of \$25.

On appearing before his Worship he said he was ignorant of the laws of the Colony as he had just arrived by the s.s. *Suzanne*.

His Worship indicated a fine of \$10, and ordered that the revolver and ammunition be confiscated.

## REMOVING THE DEAD.

Inspector Gourley charged a coolie woman with removing a dead body without a permit from the Medical Officer of Health.

P.O. 156 said that while on duty at Queen's Road East in the early hours of Tuesday morning he saw a woman carrying a bundle on her back. On approaching she dropped it and attempted to run away. He overtook her, and on returning to the bundle and examining it, found that it contained a body. The defendant then offered the constable a bribe of \$1, with which to drink tea, if he would let her go. She was taken to the Police Station, where she admitted that the body was that of her 12 year old son.

The case was remanded in order that the body might be examined, and the woman was admitted to bail in the sum of \$50.

## ARMED ROBBERY.

Chief Detective Inspector Hanson applied on behalf of the Chinese Government for the extradition of Wong Tong, who is alleged to have committed the crime of armed robbery within the jurisdiction of China.

Mr. Hanson said the witnesses who appeared in support of the application were from the prefectural city of Kwang Ning, a district to the north-west of Canton. The robbery was said to have taken place on the morning of September 28th, 1904. It appeared that a large number of robbers besieged the city, the mandarins in charge of which shut the gates and prevented their entering. The brigands, however, set to work in the outside districts and looted numerous shops, one of which the two witnesses kept. The robbers, who were armed, did not hurt anybody, but took everything valuable out of the shop.

After hearing the evidence his Worship committed the defendant to goal pending the Governor's order.

## ALLEGED IMBELLIMENT.

H. F. Hammer, who was arrested on warrant by Detective-Sergeant Watt, appeared before his Worship on a charge of embezzlement alleged to have been committed by him at Tang Tse in Tsinanfu.

Dr. Krüger, German Consul, said he would withdraw the charge if the defendant promised to return to Shanghai.

The defendant intimated his willingness to return, and the case was dismissed.

## WEATHER REPORT.

The Hongkong Observatory yesterday issued the following report:—

On the 9th at 11.50 a.m.—The barometer has risen generally except over Western Japan, where the shallow depression is now lying.

Pressure remains high over E. Japan, and slightly in excess of the normal over China. Moderate N.E. and E. winds, are indicated in the Formosa Channel, and over the N. part of the China.

Forecast:—Moderate E. winds; cloudy, with drizzle.

## THE FIGHTING IN NATAL.

The following early April despatches to the Times give some idea of what is going on now. Colonel Leuchars reported: "I proceeded at half-past 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon with 100 men of the Umvoti Rifles down the Impusa Valley, meeting the chief Sibindi with about 1,000 of his followers. It was then too late to negotiate the fastnesses of Bambata's stronghold. The country traversed was exceedingly rough, stony, and precipitous. Many deserted kraals have been burned. A few cattle were seen and taken. Sibindi captured two prisoners, and the Umvoti Rifles shot one armed spy who was trying to escape. With the above exceptions the enemy were invisible all day."

It is officially announced (April 8th) that Bambata crossed the Tugela into Zululand at 5 o'clock last evening, and is presumed to be making for the Nkandha forest. The whole force of Mamel's police is in pursuit, assisted by 50 Krantzop Militia Reservists. The Esbore Mounted Rifles and the Nkandha Reserves, with all the available police in the Nkandha district, under Sub-Inspector Fothergill, are co-operating from the Zululand side. The magistrate of Nkandha has been instructed to arm all the natives in the district to assist in Bambata's capture. The natives are responding to the call.

The captured report of the recovery of Sergeant Brown's body was premature, but the body has now been found and has been buried.

Someone with Leuchars' forces wired:—Bambata on his flight into Zululand stopped at a loyal kraal nine miles from Greytown and compelled the chiefs and their sons to follow him. According to natives, one of Dindzulu's aides is with the rebel chief, but this statement has not been confirmed.

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## JAPANESE SHIPPING COMBINE.

## PROPOSED WIDESPREAD OPERATIONS.

Consul-General Miller, of Yokohama, forwards to the Washington Department of Commerce details of the Japanese shipping combine's plans for covering some of the most profitable trade routes. He states that the vessels of over 1,000 tons in the union number 132 aggregating 283,747 tons, and the capital stock is fixed at \$2,000,000. The annual coal consumption will reach 750,000 tons, and the insurance on the vessels amounts to nearly as much as the capital stock.

It is proposed to distribute the ships as follows:—14 on the Kobe-Oturu-Saghalien line; 14 on the Kobe-Moji line; three on Yokohama-Murasaki-Kobe line; four on Osaka-Corea line; 10 on Kobe-North China line; six on Yokohama-North China line; three on Kobe-Vladivostok line; four on Kobe-Tsien (Dahly) line; six on Kobe-Formosa line; four on Kobe-Shanghai line; four on Shanghai-North China line; four on Shanghai-South China line; eight on Chofoo-Vladivostok line; eight on Yokohama-Philippines line; and eight on Japan-China-India line.

On the Yokohama-Philippines line ships of about 3,500 tons, with a speed of 10 knots or more, will be employed, while on the Japan-India service those of 3,500 to 5,000 tons, with a speed of above 11 knots, are to be used. It is expected that the Government will grant subsidies on these two lines.

It is further reported that the Nippon Yusen Kaisha has obtained permission from the Government for steamers to call at Shindzu Harbour, Shikoku Kan, twice a month for five months a year to take shipments of tea for direct export to America, instead of through Yokohama. The minimum quantity of tea guaranteed is 35,000 boxes per year.

## CHINESE LABOUR.

In the *Nineteenth Century* Sir William de Vaux, the famous Colonial administrator, gives the outcome of his experience in indentured coolie labour, which is probably unrivalled, as he has been intimately concerned with the system in British India, St. Lucia, Trinidad, and Fiji, and has never seen much of Chinese coolies, not only in these colonies, but in Hongkong and China. After reviewing the whole case from many points of view, Sir William comes to the following conclusion:—

"Thus, though by no means favourable to Chinese introduction when the idea of it was first mooted, I, on full consideration of the circumstances, have somewhat regretfully acquired complete conviction that, if retained under strict Imperial control, the system of Chinese indentured labour should be allowed to continue and that, as the mere fear of its threatened ending has paralysed trade and enterprise in South Africa, the realisation of that fear would prove disastrous; in fact, I foresee from this measure of exclusion, if such should unhappily be carried into effect a complete predominance of the Boer in the Transvaal as well as in the Orange Colony, which, supported by the Boer sympathisers, soon about to obtain the upper hand in the Cape Colony, would undo the effect of the late war and prove a serious menace to the British Empire."

In other words, that British supremacy in South Africa depends on our position in the Transvaal, and that our position in the Transvaal depends on the supply of labour to the mines.

## THE JAPANESE REVIEW.

## A COSTLY PAGEANT.

Alluding to next day's review, the *Japan Chronicle* of April 29th said:—

The sum of ¥600,000 has been set aside out of the special fund to cover the cost of the review, and half of this will be spent upon the transport and accommodation of the troops, and the other half upon the pageant itself. The review is to be a pageant of the provinces. There have also been invited to Tokyo a large number of officers and civil officials, and also officers of the naval squadrons in the Far East representing the Treaty Powers. The expenditure incurred in this manner and the expenses of the preparations in Tokyo will probably exceed the amount appropriated, which is considered to be rather under the sum that will actually be spent by the Government on this great occasion. The day of the review will be marked by a departure from Imperial etiquette that has commented upon in the Japanese Press. Both the Emperor and Empress will ride from the Palace to the Aoyama Parade Ground in the same carriage, instead of, as hitherto, his Majesty riding alone, a concession to Western custom that is worth remarking.

The King of Wurtemberg telegraphed his sympathy.

Dr. von Fischel, Minister of the Interior, arrived at Nagold soon afterwards.

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## ABOUT QUEEN AMELIA OF PORTUGAL.

## FOR LADY READERS.

Queen Amelia of Portugal, the most beautiful queen in the world and one of the most talented of women, has made a dress for herself for spring wear—a dress which, while they are patterning after it, the dressmakers of Europe, especially of Paris and London, jealously declare that the queen adapted from a pattern in a Parisian fashion journal. This statement is denied vigorously by the queen's ladies, who declare she designed, cut, and draped it herself.

Whether or not the queen evolved the entire gown or adapted it from some pattern, no one has dared ask her majesty, and even those who charge her with plagiarism of the gown are copying it for the spring and early summer wear, especially in Great Britain, where the spring is later.

The gown made the gown with her own hands, cutting, fitting, and sewing it herself, without the aid of any of her women, and she used an American sewing machine to do part of the work. The gown which she finished she wore immediately, and her first appearance in it was while driving in Lisbon. On that occasion the gown provoked but little attention, because her subjects are accustomed to see the queen well dressed, but later when she wore the gown during a morning stroll in the grounds that surround the Necessidades place one of her ladies-in-waiting remarked to a courtier that the gown worn by the queen was made by her own hands.

Then the gown became one of the most famous in the world; for, perhaps never before, has any queen made a dress for herself, and the news that the queen had made her own dressmaker added to her great popularity with the people of Portugal.

Dressmaking is but an added accomplishment for Amelia. She is a physician and surgeon, a mathematician, a trained nurse, and a musician, and her accomplishments are not confined to the arts and sciences. Besides these she is a skilled musician and painter, and several of her paintings have been exhibited anonymously in Portugal and Spain.

For years, also, it has been known that she made her own bonnets and hats, showing wonderful taste and artistic sense in making headwear and re-trimming Parisian hats. But never before, so far as was known, has she ever attempted to make her own gown.

Despite the claims of Parisian experts that the ideas in the making of the gown were fished from fashion journals, the ladies-in-waiting declare that Amelia designed the gown herself, using an old gown to copy, and requiring only the assistance of one of the women of the royal court as a lay figure upon which the gown was shaped finally.

The gown was made, according to the ladies of the court, during a visit of the royal family to Estoril, the country palace of the king and queen, late in February. King Carlos is an ardent hunter and sportsman, and during the stay at Estoril he and the gentlemen of his court are in the field a great portion of the time, so the queen devoted the days to making the gown.

The material of the "suit"—as Americans would call it—is a fine lined medium weight cloth of French manufacture, and the colour is a shade darker than champagne colour, the trimming effects being accomplished by the use of a dark blue velvet. The suit is a bolero one, and the bolero really is the main feature of the entire gown, as the skirt is an extremely simple yet effective one.

The skirt, as described by dressmakers, is cut in five parts, the cloth being cut identical to the lining, which are of silk. The top of the skirt is fitted to the perfect figure of the queen by the use of two hip darts on each side and the sloping of the goreds for eight or nine inches below the waist line, and being possibly two inches more than would be required by a woman of less perfect figure.

Evidently, the dressmakers say, the queen cut the skirt from the folded material, commencing at the seamless front, the seams being imperceptible in the folds, which are full, and every gore is cut on the right way of the material.

Whether the queen made her skirt that way or not, that is the way the dressmakers are making it, and, according to them, they get the benefit of a dark bolero colour. The placket opening is made at the side, with a false lap, and thus silk to hem down the overside.

Wide braid is used on the skirt, with little medallions of the braid that make it extremely costly in appearance.

The bolero is made quite loose at the waist, and can be worn either open or as a waistcoat, over which the coat fronts lap slightly and fasten again, when worn open the vest is left still fastened down the front.

The braid strappings across the bolero add to its richness, and these strappings are adorned, encircling the seams. The under-sleeves worn by the queen were of white silk.

A little pink piece runs down the centre of the sleeve, adding to the charm of the garment, and aiding in relieving it of severity. The bolero is faced inside to make the revers, the facing evidently being done separately and then fastened inside the folds.

The dressmaker-doctor-nurse-queen is the daughter of the Count of Paris, and was during her early life in England, before she became the bride of the prince, who three years later, became King Charles I., that she learned dressmaking. It is known that she interested herself in home art as a young girl, and it is believed that she learned something of the dressmaking art from one of her servants in England.—*San Francisco Chronicle*.

It is stated that the Manchuria Exploitation Commission, presided over by General Baron Kodama, has met several times, but the questions discussed did not extend beyond matters relating to the railways in Manchuria.

As a matter of course, the railway between Chongchuan and Port Arthur, formerly belonging to the Chinese Eastern Railway Company, will be forthwith reconstructed. But it is not yet decided whether the gauge shall be the ordinary wide gauge or the peculiar Russian one, though there is indication that the ordinary wide-gauge will be adopted. The cost of reconstruction has been already roughly estimated. The section of the railway north of Chongchuan was so completely destroyed by the Russian army on their withdrawal, that it is more proper to say that Japan has to construct a new way than reconstruct an old.

During the war, Japan laid a light railway on the Russian road between Lianmin and Mukden after their army had captured that section of country; and at Port Arthur, the line thus reconstructed was given to Japan as a spoil of war. The traffic on the line was suspended last February. The railway will be sold to China, and then reconstructed with joint capital of China and Japan. The traffic will be carried on in the name of the Chinese Government, but the working staff will mainly consist of Japanese.

On the expiration of 15 years, the Chinese Government is to repay the Japanese portion of the cost of reconstruction and acquire complete control over the railway. Meanwhile Japan will hold the railway and its receipts as security.

Yokohama (Japanese) Chamber of Commerce Report.

Yokohama (Japanese) Chamber of Commerce Report.

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Yokohama (Japanese) Chamber of Commerce Report.

## KODAKS AT HOME PRICES.

No. 3 FOLDING POCKET KODAK (23-12-64) \$38.00

" 4-CARTRIDGE " (23-15-04) \$60.00

" 4-CARTRIDGE " (23-15-04) \$60.00

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## NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, etc., should be addressed to the Daily Press only, and special business matters to the Manager.

Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Telegraphic Address: PIONEER. Codes: A.B.C., 5th Ed. Lube's.

P.O. Box, 33. Telephone No. 12.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## WANTED.

CLERK Wanted, Quick Writer and able to Correspond.  
Apply to—  
ROBINSON PIANO Co.  
Hongkong, 10th May, 1906. [1047]

## WANTED.

POSITION, from 1st October next, by Young German, having two years Experience in Sailing and Hamburg Export Trade.  
"W. K. 21,"  
Care of "Daily Press" Office,  
Hongkong, 10th May, 1906. [1049]

## WANTED.

TO BUY AUSTRALIAN WATER PONY.  
"J. K. 111,"  
Care of "Daily Press" Office,  
Hongkong, 10th May, 1906. [1049]

## FOR SALE.

A STEAM LAUNCH, 6 years old, 62 feet length, fully equipped in Good Condition, suited for European use.  
For particulars, apply to—  
LAMKE & ROGGE.  
Hongkong, 10th May, 1906. [1050]

## TO LET.

THREE LARGE GODOWNS, in the Praya East. Formerly in the occupation of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.  
Apply to—  
H. N. MODY,  
King's Buildings,  
Hongkong, 10th May, 1906. [1051]

## ALTERATION.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, ANPING, AMOY AND FOCHOW.

THE Company's Steamship

"HAICHING,"  
Captain A. E. Hodgins, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-DAY, the 10th inst., at 10 A.M., instead of as previously advertised.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to—  
DOUGLAS LAFKAIA & Co.,  
General Managers,  
Hongkong, 10th May 1906. [1052]

FOR SINGAPORE & CALCUTTA.

THE Steamship

"ESKDALE,"  
will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 15th inst., P.M.  
For Freight, apply to—  
A. M. ESSABHOY,  
Agent,  
Hongkong, 10th May, 1906. [1053]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"LAISANG,"  
having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from along-side.

Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after 4 P.M., the 11th inst., will be loaded at Consignee's risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,  
General Managers,  
Hongkong, 9th May, 1906. [18]

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"ROON,"  
having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being loaded and stored at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 11 A.M. To-day.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after Tuesday, the 15th May will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on Tuesday, the 15th May, at 9.30 A.M.

All Claims must reach us before the 21st May, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, MELCHERS & Co.,  
Agents,  
Hongkong, 9th May, 1906. [5]

HONGKONG GYMKHANA CLUB.

THE SECOND MEETING of the SEASON will be held at the HAPPY VALLEY, on SATURDAY, the 12th inst., commencing at 3.30 P.M.

The charge of Admission will be \$1.00 for other than Members of the Hongkong Jockey or Gymkhana Clubs.

The Committee invite the Ladies of Hongkong to be present.

Post Entries will be accepted for events Nos. 2 and 4.

C. G. MACKIE,  
Hon. Secretary,  
Hongkong, 8th May, 1906. [1052]

## WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT CLERK, Senior, Good Handwriting, Bookkeeping and Arithmetical Essential. Apply, stating Age, Salary required, and experience, to SUPERINTENDING CIVIL ENGINEER, H.M. NAVAL YARD, Hongkong, 9th May, 1906. [1045]

## DOCTOR WANTED.

TO act as SURGEON on an Emigrant Steamer.  
For particulars, apply to—  
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,  
Agent Messageries Maritimes Co.,  
Hongkong, 9th May, 1906. [1041]

## DOCTOR WANTED.

TO act as SURGEON on an Emigrant Steamer.  
For particulars, apply to—  
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Hongkong, 23rd April, 1906. [945]

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION.

VICTORIA NURSING HOME.

THERE are VACANCIES for TWO PROBATIONERS at the Home, who will be required to devote themselves, during a period of training of three years, to the attainment of a knowledge of NURSING.

Particulars may be obtained from, and applications should be made in writing to, the HEALTH OFFICER, 1, Houson Road, Shanghai.

By Order,  
W. E. LEVISON,  
Secretary,  
Council Room,  
Shanghai, 1st May, 1906. [1033]

## INTIMATIONS.

CLUB GERMANIA.

NOTICE.

THE NINTH YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the CLUB GERMANIA will be held in the Club House, on TUESDAY, the 15th May, 1906, at 6 P.M.

By Order,  
C. W. HEUSER,  
Hon. Secretary,  
Hongkong, 5th May, 1906. [1019]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. SWAN has REMOVED from No. 7, Alexandra Buildings to 18, BANK BUILDINGS, 1st Floor, next to Shanghai Life Insurance Co.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1906. [1012]

COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD. have now 40,000 Cables feet of Cold Storage available at East Point. Stores will be open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sunday excepted to receive and deliver perishable goods.

WM. FARLANE, Manager,  
Hongkong, 14th November, 1901. [47]

RUINART PERE & FILS, REIMS.

Established 1719,  
CHAMPAGNE GROWERS AND SHIPPERS.

Ship only the finest Quality Extra Dry (Green Seal) LAUTS, WEGENER & CO. Sole Agents.

Hongkong, 17th May, 1905. [112]

DAVID COHEN & SON'S

MERCHANT NAVY

NAVY BOILED

LONG FLAX

RELIANCE CROWN

TARPULING

ARNHOLD, KARBBERG & CO. Sole Agents.

851

A. LING & CO.,

FURNITURE STORE.

PLATED GLASS AND CROCKERY

WARE, &c., &c., and FOOCHOW

LACQUERED WARE

68, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

Hongkong, 21st September, 1903. [902]

DR. M. H. CHAUN,

THE latest Method of the AMERICAN SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY.

37, Des Vaux Road CENTRAL.

From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A.

Hongkong, 4th September, 1905. [1563]

SIEN TING.

SURGEON DENTIST.

No. 10, MACAULAR STREET

TERMS VERY MODERATE.

Consultation Free.

Hongkong, 21st September, 1901. [688]

CARTRIDGES.

IMPORTED EVERY MONTH, THEREFORE ALWAYS FRESH.

ELEY'S, SCHULTZ'S, AMBERITE

CARTRIDGES, 8, 10, 12, 15, and 20 BORE and NEWCASTLE CHILLED SHOT in all Sizes, Nos. 10 to 888G. AIR GUNS and AMMUNITION in Variety.

WM. SCHMIDT & CO.  
Hongkong, 27th November, 1902. [933]

## RATES OF EXCHANGE AT HONGKONG.

DEMAND DRAFTS ON BOMBAY, On the Day Preceding the Departure of the English Mails from the Year of the Closing of the Indian Mints to the Free Coinage of Silver

FROM 1893 TO 1905;

RATES FOR SOVEREIGNS, GOLD LEAF, BAR SILVER (From 1900), and other Useful Information.

PRICE: \$1. CASH.

On Sale at the "DAILY PRESS" Office, or Local Booksellers.

Hongkong, 16th April, 1906.

## AUCTIONS

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell for Account of the Concerned at his SALES ROOMS, No. 2, Zetland Street,

TO-DAY (THURSDAY), the 10th May, 1906, at 2.30 P.M.,

2 VALUABLE STAMP COLLECTIONS, also a Few Hundred SETS of STAMPS.

TERMS:—As usual.

F. KIENE, Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, 4th May, 1906. [1015]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell for Account of the Concerned at his SALES ROOMS, No. 2, Zetland Street,

TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), the 11th May, 1906, at 2.30 P.M.,

A Quantity of FURNITURE, comprising:—

WARDROBES (Bevelled Glass) DRESSING TABLES, WASHSTANDS, BED-STEADS, ICE-BOXES, CARPETS, OVERMANTLES, FILTER, CHAIRS, SITTING ROOM SUITE, TABLES, SLEEPING PORCH, OFFICE DESKS, COPYING PRESS and Miscellaneous Goods.

TERMS:—As usual.

F. KIENE, Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, 8th May, 1906. [1036]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, On SATURDAY,

the 12th May, 1906, for Account of the Concerned, at the Residence, No. 2, Antrim Villas, Des Vaux Road, Kowloon,

A Quantity of Valuable FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS (Large and Small), PICTURES, ENGRAVINGS, FILTER, GLASSWARE, &c., &c.

A VICTORIA GRAMAPHONE, in Perfect Condition.

TERMS:—As usual.

On View from Friday, 11th May.

F. KIENE, Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, 3rd May, 1906. [1010]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED, On THURSDAY,

the 14th June, 1906, at 11 A.M., at the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's premises, Kowloon,

COMPLETE CEMENT FACTORY, originally intended to be put up as the Kwantung Cement Factory, but landed in Hongkong on account of the Russo-Japanese War, will be sold, by order of the proprietor, Mr. Hereditary Japanese Citizen Ananichi Chikamasa with Tokujoku, of Saigajewo.

The Plant of this Cement Factory, which has been fitted out with the latest technical inventions for manufacturing Cement, by the dry system, consists among others of:—

LOCOMOTIVES (Wolff, Magdeburg), MILLING MACHINES (Smith, Copenhagen), COOKING INSTALLATIONS (Atlas Fabr.), ELECTRICAL (Allg. Elec. Comp.), TRUCKS, &c., &c. (Orenstein & Koppell), &c., &c.

All in all the whole plant is very nearly the same as the Factory Kijakdorph, near Malmö, in Sweden.

Specifications of the Machines and Accessories as well as any further information may be obtained from—

SIEMSEN & Co., Hamburg & Hongkong, and LAWYER HUBNOFF, in St. Petersburg, Wassili 01 row.

4 Linie, Hans No. 5, HUGHES & HUGHES, 1907

as well as from the Auctioneers, Messrs. HONGKONG, 1st May, 1906. [1097]

## FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT THE PEAK.

A SIX-ROOMED HOUSE, with Drying, Dressing, and Bath-rooms, distant thirteen minutes by chair from the Tram; fitted with superior baths and with hot and cold water; large Kitchen; Laundry and Servants' Quarters.

A FIVE-ROOMED HOUSE, with Drying, Dressing, and Bath-rooms; distant thirteen minutes by chair from the Tram; Kitchen and Servants' Quarters.

For Particulars and Terms, apply to—  
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,  
Hongkong, 9th May, 1906. [1042]

FOR SALE, OR TO LET.

THE WANCHAI PROPERTY OF GEO. FENWICK & Co., LTD., Engineers and Shipbuilders: Comprising portions of Marine Lots Nos. 31 and 36; approximate area 48,000 sq. feet.

Or, a portion of Marine Lot at North Point, 20 feet depth of water at Wharf; suitable for godowns, &c.

For further particulars apply to the Company. Hongkong, 25th April, 1905. [129]

## BOARD AND RESIDENCE

FIRST-CLASS BOARD & RESIDENCE AT "BRAESIDE."

A LARGE AND COMMODIOUS RESIDENCE standing in its own grounds, with Tennis Courts, Good Dining and Reception Rooms, Large Airy and Well Furnished Bedrooms, every home comfort, Fine View of the Harbour; Terms moderate.

Apply to—Mrs. F. W. WATTS, "Braeside," 20, Macdonnell Road (late of "Tang Yuen.")

Hongkong, 27th June, 1905. [43]

## BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

ONE LARGE FRONT BEDROOM with Bath for one or two Gentlemen.

Apply to—  
No. 2, KNUTSFORD TERRACE, Kowloon.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1906. [704]

## BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

MRS. GILLANDERS

"GLENWOOD,"

27, Caine Road.

Hongkong, 20th September 1905. [673]

## PUBLIC COMPANIES

## A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company (since its registration) will be held at the Office of the Company in ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, on SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 11.30 A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers together with a Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1905.

The REGISTER OF SHARES will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 9th inst., to TUESDAY, the 15th inst., both days inclusive, during which period no Transfer of Shares will be Registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, General Managers. [1003]

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC Co., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, St. George's Building, on SATURDAY, the 12th May, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts to 28th February, 1906, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 28th April to 12th May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 24th April, 1906. [956]

THE CHINESE ENGINEERING AND MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

A N INTERIM DIVIDEND of 1/- per Share free of tax for account of the Twelve months ending last February, has been declared by the Directors of the above Company. Coupon No. 6 is payable immediately at the CHARTERED BANK or INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA, and the RUSSO-CHINESE BANK, at Shanghai.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1906. [1009]

## MAIL TABLES

AS OFFICIALLY PREPARED FOR 1906.

Show the dates of departure of the Mails to Europe and America, and the dates of their expected arrival at their destinations, as well as the dates of return Mails.

Printed on Card ... 30 Cents

On Paper ... 20 "

On Sale at the Hongkong Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 12th February, 1906.

## TO LET.

TO LET.

No. 3 and 4, "FAIRVIEW," ROBINSON ROAD, Kowloon.

2nd FLOOR No. 12, Queen's Road Central.

Kowloon Marine Lot 47 with Wharf.

Apply to—  
LEIGH & ORANGE,  
1, Des Vaux Road,  
Hongkong, 29th March, 1906. [501]

## TO LET.

TO LET.

No. 3 and 4, "FAIRVIEW," ROBINSON ROAD, Kowloon.

2nd FLOOR No. 12, Queen's Road Central.

Kowloon Marine Lot 47 with Wharf.

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LEIGH & ORANGE,  
1, Des Vaux Road,  
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